

A BILL

21-171

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA



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To amend the Health-Care Decisions Act of 1988 to create a MOST Form to capture patients’ wishes for medical intervention; to establish a MOST Advisory Committee to assist the Department of Health with the development of a MOST Form; to encourage use of MOST Forms by the medical community; to establish a process for completing, executing, and complying with a MOST Form; and to determine the feasibility of creating an electronic registry for MOST Forms.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this act may be cited as the “Health-Care Decisions Amendment Act of 2015”.

Sec. 2. The Health-Care Decisions Act of 1988, effective March 16, 1989 (D.C. Law 7-189; D.C. Official Code § 21-2201 *et seq.*), is amended as follows:

(a) Designate the existing text as TITLE I. DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY.

(b) A new Title II is added to read as follows:

“Title II. MOST FORM.

“Sec. 201.

“For the purposes of this title, the term:

“(1) “Advanced life support” means endotracheal intubation, defibrillation, or administration of cardiopulmonary resuscitation medications.

“(2) “Advanced practice nurse” means a licensed registered nurse engaged in the practice of advanced practice registered nursing, as defined in section 102 of the District of

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30 Columbia Health Occupations Revision Act of 1985, effective March 25, 1984 (D.C. Law 6-99;
31 D.C. Official Code § 3-1201.02)

32 “(3) “Authorized representative” means a person who is authorized to make a
33 health-care decision on behalf of an incapacitated individual or minor in accordance with section
34 6 and section 11.

35 “(4) “Authorized health care professional” means a licensed physician or advanced
36 practice nurse who has responsibility for the medical care of a patient.

37 “(5) “Cardiopulmonary resuscitation” means chest compression or artificial
38 ventilation.

39 “(6) “DOH” means the Department of Health.

40 “(7) “Emergency medical service” (“EMS”) means a medical service provided in
41 response to a person’s need for immediate medical care and is intended to prevent loss of life, the
42 aggravation of a physiological illness or injury, or the aggravation of a psychological illness. The
43 term “emergency medical service” includes any service recognized in the District as first response,
44 basic life support, advanced life support, specialized life support, patient transportation, medical
45 control, or rescue.

46 “(8) “EMS agency” means a government department or agency, person, firm,
47 corporation, or organization authorized to provide emergency medical service.

48 “(9) “EMS personnel” means an emergency medical responder, emergency medical
49 technician, emergency medical technician/intermediate, advanced emergency medical technician,
50 or paramedic who is certified to provide emergency medical services in the District.

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51 “(10) “Health care institution” means a hospital, maternity center, nursing home,
52 community residence facility, group home for persons with intellectual disabilities, hospice, home
53 care agency, ambulatory surgical facility, or renal dialysis facility, as those terms are defined in
54 the Health-Care and Community Residence Facility, Hospice and Home Care Licensure Act of
55 1983, effective February 24, 1984 (D.C. Law 5-48; D.C. Official Code § 44-501) and an acute care
56 hospital, skilled nursing facility, and long term care facility.

57 “(11) “Health care professional” means a person who has graduated from an
58 accredited program for physicians, registered nurses, advanced practice nurses, physician
59 assistants, clinical social workers, clinical psychologists, or professional counselors, and is
60 licensed to practice in the District.

61 “(12) “Incapacitated individual” shall have the same meaning as in section 3(5).

62 “(13) “Minor” means a person who is less than 18 years of age.

63 “(14) “Medical Orders for Scope of Treatment Form” (“MOST Form”) means a set
64 of portable, medical orders on a form issued by DOH that results from a patient’s or a patient’s
65 authorized representative’s informed decision-making with a health care professional.

66 “(15) “Patient” means a person who has been determined by an authorized health
67 care professional to be approaching the end stage of a serious, life-limiting illness
68 such that the person’s life expectancy is 12 months or less.

69 “(16) “Resuscitate” means the administration of cardiopulmonary resuscitation or
70 advanced life support.

71 “Sec. 202. Creation of a MOST Form.

72 “(a)(1) Within 9 months after the effective date of the Health-Care Decisions Amendment
73 Act of 2015, as approved by the Committee on Health and Human Services on October 14, 2015
74 (Committee Print of Bill 21-171), DOH shall develop, and make available online, a MOST Form
75 and instructions for health care institutions, health care professionals, and patients and authorized
76 representatives completing and using the MOST Form.

77 “(2) DOH shall evaluate the design and use of MOST Forms, including
78 compliance or non-compliance with MOST Forms by EMS personnel and health care
79 professionals at least every 3 years.

80 “(b)(1) DOH shall require, and provide for, ongoing training of health care professionals
81 and EMS personnel about best practices regarding the use of a MOST Form.

82 “(2) Such training shall include, at a minimum:

83 “(A) The importance of talking to each patient or their authorized
84 representative about the patient’s prognosis, the likely course of illness, and personal goals of care;

85 “(B) Methods for presenting choices for care that elicit information
86 concerning each patient’s preferences and respecting those preferences without directing patients
87 toward a particular care option;

88 “(C) The importance of fully informing patients about the benefits and
89 risks of an immediately-effective MOST Form;

90 “(D) Awareness of factors that may affect the use of a MOST Form,

91 including race, ethnicity, age, gender, socioeconomic position, immigrant status, sexual
92 orientation, language disability, homelessness, mental illness, and geographic area of residence;
93 and

94 “(E) Procedures for properly completing and effectuating a MOST Form.

95 “Sec. 203. Most Advisory Committee.

96 “(a)(1) DOH shall establish the MOST Advisory Committee.

97 “(2) Members of the MOST Advisory Committee shall be appointed by DOH.

98 Except for provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, members of the advisory committee shall
99 be appointed for terms of 6 years.

100 “(3) Of the members initially appointed under this section, 3 shall be appointed for
101 a term of 2 years, 4 shall be appointed for a term of 4 years, and 4 shall be appointed for a term of
102 6 years. The terms of the members first appointed shall begin on the date that a majority of the
103 first members are sworn in, which shall become the anniversary date for all subsequent
104 appointments.

105 “(4) The MOST Advisory Committee shall include:

106 “(A) One representative from the EMS agency;

107 “(B) One commercial EMS representative;

108 “(C) One pediatric health care professional;

109 “(D) Two physicians, advanced practice nurses, or other health care
110 professionals involved in treating patients;

111 “(E) One representative of a long-term care facility;

112 “(F) One representative of a skilled nursing facility;

113 “(G) One representative of an acute care hospital;

114 “(H) Two representatives of a disability advocacy group; and

115 “(I) One representative of a patient advocacy group.

116 “(b) The MOST Advisory Committee shall:

117 “(1) Assist DOH in the development and periodic review of the MOST Form;

118 “(2) Promote public awareness about the option to complete a MOST Form; and

119 “(3) Provide recommendations to DOH for ongoing training of health care

120 professionals and EMS personnel about best practices regarding the use of a MOST Form and the

121 nature and development of related medical protocols.

122 “Sec. 204. The MOST Form.

123 “(a) The MOST Form shall be designed to provide the following information regarding the

124 patient’s care and medical condition:

125 “(1) The orders of an authorized health care professional regarding

126 cardiopulmonary resuscitation and level of medical intervention in the event of a medical

127 emergency in accordance with the choices, goals, and preferences of a patient or the patient’s

128 authorized representative;

129 “(2) The signature of the authorized health care professional;

130 “(3) If the patient has an authorized representative;

131 “(4) The signature of the patient or the authorized representative acknowledging

132 agreement with the orders of the authorized health care professional; and

133 “(5) The date and location of the initial authorization of the MOST Form and the
134 date, location, and outcome of any subsequent revisions to the MOST Form.

135 “(b) Upon execution, a hard copy of a patient’s operative MOST Form shall be provided
136 to the patient or the patient’s authorized representative.

137 “(c) An executed MOST Form must be kept in a prominent manner in a patient’s printed
138 and electronic medical records in a health care institution or private medical practice, and a copy
139 shall be transferred with the patient whenever the patient is transferred to another health care
140 institution, private medical practice, or to the patient’s residence.

141 “(d) A copy of a MOST Form shall be as effective as an original.

142 “Sec. 205. Completion and execution of the MOST Form.

143 “(a) A patient shall be given the option to complete a MOST Form, but no patient shall be
144 required to complete or execute a MOST Form.

145 “(b) Only an authorized health care professional treating a patient may complete a
146 MOST Form for that patient.

147 “(2) The authorized health care professional shall complete the MOST Form in
148 accordance with the instructions of the patient or the patient’s authorized representative.

149 “(c)(1) Only the following persons may execute a MOST Form :

150 “(A) Any patient, who is 18 years of age or older, on behalf of
151 himself or herself; or

152 “(B) An authorized representative.

153 “(2) Execution of a MOST Form must be evidenced by the patient’s or the
154 authorized representative’s signature.

155 “(d) The MOST Form shall be reviewed by an authorized health care professional with
156 the patient or with the patient’s authorized representative at least once per year and whenever:

157 “(1) The patient’s condition changes significantly; or

158 “(2) At the patient’s or the patient’s authorized representative’s request.

159 “(e)(1) If a patient with a MOST Form is transferred from one health care institution to
160 another, the health care institution transferring the patient shall communicate the existence of the
161 MOST Form to the receiving health care institution prior to the transfer.

162 “(2) The MOST Form shall accompany the patient to the receiving health care
163 institution and remain in effect.

164 “(3) Within 72 hours after a patient is transferred, the MOST Form shall be
165 reviewed by an authorized health care professional and the patient, provided that the patient is not
166 incapacitated, or the patient’s authorized representative, if present.

167 “Sec. 206. Revocation of a MOST Form.

168 “(a) A patient or the patient’s authorized representative may revoke a MOST Form at any
169 time by:

170 “(1) Directing the authorized health care professional who issued the MOST Form
171 to cancel the MOST Form;

172 “(2) Communicating the patient’s or the patient’s authorized representative’s intent
173 to revoke the MOST Form to the treating EMS personnel or health care professional.

174 “(b) If a patient or the patient’s authorized representative revokes a MOST Form pursuant
175 to subsection (a)(2) of this section, the treating EMS personnel or health care professional shall
176 record the circumstances in which the MOST Form was revoked.”

177 “Sec. 207. Compliance with a MOST Form.

178 “(a)(1) If an EMS personnel or health care professional encounters a person who is in
179 possession of a MOST Form, the EMS personnel or health care professional shall determine
180 whether the person is the subject of the MOST Form and whether the MOST Form has been
181 revoked.

182 “(2) If there is uncertainty as to whether the MOST Form has been revoked, the
183 EMS personnel or health care professional shall act as if there were no MOST Form and resuscitate
184 the patient.

185 “(b) If an EMS personnel or health care professional encounters a patient in an emergency
186 medical circumstance with a MOST Form that is unreadable, he or she shall proceed as if there
187 were no MOST Form.

188 “(c) If the EMS personnel does not resuscitate the patient on the basis of applicable
189 treatment instructions on a MOST Form, EMS personnel shall record the do-not-resuscitate
190 response in the run report and report the do-not-resuscitate response to the Department of Health
191 within 5 business days after the incident.

192 “(d) On a biannual basis, DOH shall provide the Mayor with data on do-not-resuscitate
193 responses.

194 “Sec. 208. Comfort care.

195 “Regardless of the treatment orders on the MOST Form, EMS personnel and other health
196 care professionals may provide the following interventions, as needed, to a patient for comfort or
197 to alleviate pain:

198 “(1) Clear the airway, without the use of artificial ventilation, esophageal obturator
199 airway, or endotracheal intubation;

200 “(2) Administer suction;

201 “(3) Provide oxygen, without the use of artificial ventilation, esophageal obturator
202 airway, or endotracheal intubation;

203 “(4) Provide pain medication;

204 “(5) Control bleeding; or

205 “(6) Make any other necessary adjustments.

206 “Sec. 209. Reciprocity.

207 “EMS personnel and other health care professionals shall recognize a MOST Form or
208 similar instrument executed in another state as if the instrument were executed in accordance with
209 the laws of that state.

210 “Sec. 210. Relationship with other legal documents.

211 “If a patient has a durable power of attorney for health care under title I, or a comparable
212 statute in any other jurisdiction, or another legal document with a substantially equivalent purpose
213 to a durable power of attorney or a MOST Form, the most recent document to have been executed
214 shall govern if any conflict exists between the directives in that legal document and the directives
215 in the patient’s MOST Form.

216 “Sec. 211. Liability.

217 “This act shall not be construed to create a new private right of action.

218 “Sec. 212. Penalties.

219 “(a) A person who, without authorization by the patient or the patient’s authorized
220 representative, willfully alters, forges, conceals, or destroys a MOST Form, an amendment or
221 revocation of a MOST Form, or any other evidence or document reflecting the patient’s desires
222 and interests, with the intent or effect of causing a withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining
223 procedures or of artificially administered nutrition and hydration which hastens the death of the
224 patient commits a Class A felony.

225 “(b) Except as provided in subsection (a) of this section, a person who, without
226 authorization by the patient or the patient’s authorized representative willfully alters, forges,
227 conceals, or destroys a MOST Form, an amendment or revocation of a MOST Form, or any other
228 evidence or document reflecting the patient’s desires and interests, with the intent or effect of
229 impacting any decision regarding the provision of a health care service, treatment, or procedure
230 shall not be fined more than the amount set forth in section 101 of the Criminal Fine Proportionality
231 Amendment Act of 2012, effective June 11, 2013 (D.C. Law 190317; D.C. Official Code § 22-
232 3571.01), or incarcerated for not more than 180 days, or both.

233 “Sec. 213. Insurance.

234 “(a) The execution of a MOST Form shall not alter an insurance policy or annuity contract,
235 unless the insurance policy or contract state otherwise.

236 “(b) Adherence to the medical orders in a MOST form shall not constitute suicide or
237 assisted suicide.

238 “(c) The execution of a MOST form cannot be used as a condition for being insured,
239 receiving health care services, or receiving other employment benefits.

240 “Sec. 214. Study of electronic registry.

241 “(a) DOH shall conduct a study regarding the feasibility of implementing an electronic
242 registry for MOST Forms in the District while preserving the privacy of patient’s records.

243 “(b) If an electronic registry is determined to be feasible upon the conclusion of the
244 DOH’s review, DOH shall implement an electronic registry.

245 “(c) DOH shall make a determination regarding the feasibility of an electronic registry
246 within 180 days after the effective date of the Health-Care Decisions Amendment Act of 2015,
247 as approved by the Committee on Health and Human Services on October 14, 2015 (Committee
248 Print of Bill 21-171).

249 “Sec. 215. Repealer.

250 The Emergency Medical Services Non-Resuscitation Procedures Act of 2000, effective
251 April 3, 2001 (D.C. Law 13-224; D.C. Official Code § 7-651.01 *et seq.*), is repealed as of the
252 date that DOH develops, and makes available, the MOST Form in accordance with section 202.

253 “Sec. 216. Rulemaking.

254 The Mayor, pursuant to Title 1 of the District of Columbia Administrative Procedure Act,
255 approved October 21, 1968 (82 Stat. 1204; D.C. Official Code § 2-501 *et seq.*), shall issue rules

256 to implement the provisions of the Health Care Decisions Amendment Act of 2015, as approved
257 by the Committee on Health and Human Services on October 14, 2015 (Bill 21-171).”.

258 Sec. 3. Applicability

259 (a) This act shall apply upon the date of inclusion of its fiscal effect in an approved
260 budget and financial plan.

261 (b) The Chief Financial Officer shall certify the date of the inclusion of the fiscal effect in
262 an approved budget and financial plan, and provide notice to the Budget Director of the Council
263 of the certification.

264 (c)(1) The Budget Director shall cause the notice of the certification to be published in
265 the District of Columbia Register.

266 (2) The date of publication of the notice of the certification shall not affect the
267 applicability of this act.

268 Sec. 34. Fiscal impact statement.

269 The Council adopts the fiscal impact statement in the committee report as the fiscal
270 impact statement required by section 602(c)(3) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act,
271 approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Official Code § 1-206.02(c)(3)).

272 Sec. 45. Effective date.

273 This act shall take effect following approval by the Mayor (or in the event of veto by the
274 Mayor, action by the Council to override the veto), a 30-day period of congressional

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275 review as provided in section 602(c)(1) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act, approved
276 December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Official Code § 1-206.02(c)(1)), and publication in the
277 District of Columbia Register.